

Methods and tools for evaluating HT data Johannes Schuchhardt, MicroDiscovery GmbH Leibniz Conference, Castle Lichtenwalde

Topics of this talk

Company profile

Error models for biomarker detection in proteomics data (cNEUPRO project)

Statistics for pathway detection

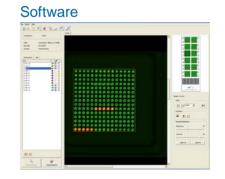
- Founded in 2000
- 20 employees (May 2009)
- Focus: Applied Bioinformatics
 - Software, regulated markets
 - Services, data analysis
- ISO 9001:2000 certified
- Reference Customers
 - Greiner Bio-One, febit biotech
 - Bayer-Schering Pharma AG



Business Areas

Software Development

- Software for R&D
- Software for IVD
- Software for medical technology
- Scientific Services
 - Evaluation of research data and clinical studies
 - Bioinformatics and explorative statistical data analysis
 - Development of algorithms and methods
 - Data integration and knowledge management



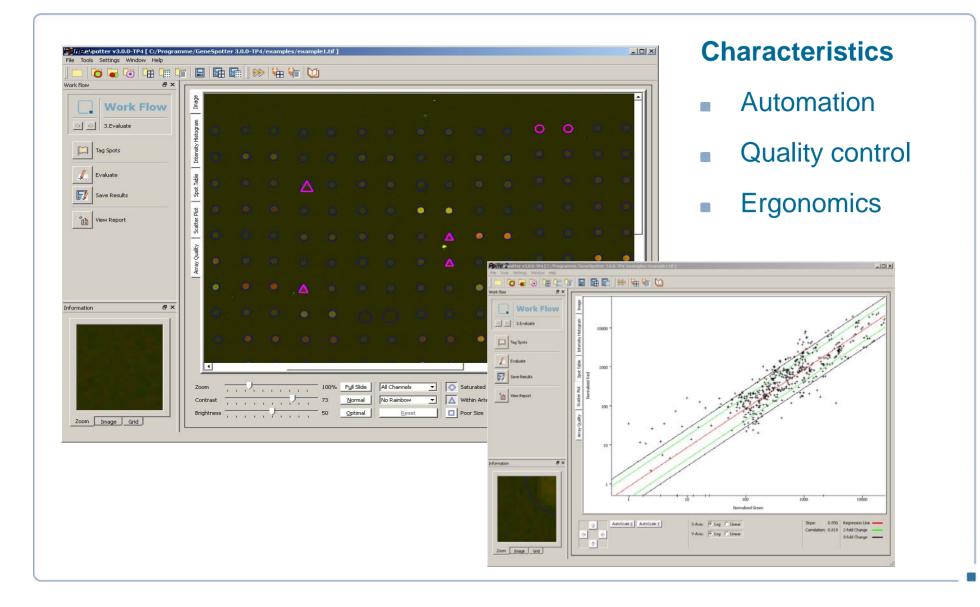
Data analysis





Software Development

Software Development for R&D



CheckReport[™] – IVD

CheckReport[™] – software for microarray based pathogen classification

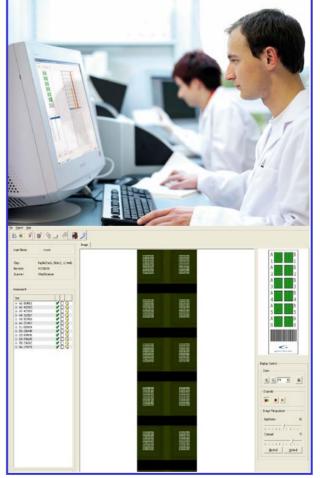
Features:

- Data security
- Reproducibility
- Logging / System-audit-trail
- CE certification for IVD
- FDA conform (CFR21 part 11)

Test portfolio:

ParoCheck	Feb. 2005
CarnoCheck	Apr. 2005
MycoDetect	Oct. 2005
CytoCheck	Oct. 2005
PapilloCheck	Nov. 2006





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Biomarker identification: cNEUPRO Project

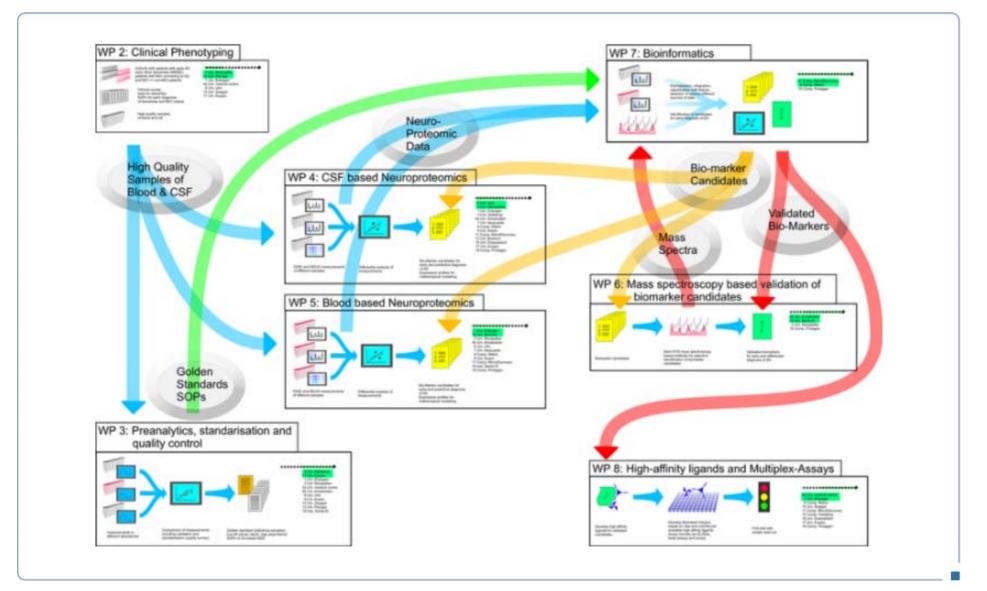
cNEUPRO: clinical neuro-proteomics (EU, FP6)

- 20 Academic and non-academic partners, coordinator: Prof. Jens Wiltfang, UK Essen
- Predictive dementia diagnostics for early stages of Alzheimer's disease (MCI => MCI-AD)
- Identification of biomarkers using CSF based and blood based proteomics
- Website: <u>www.cneupro.eu</u>

IT meets life science

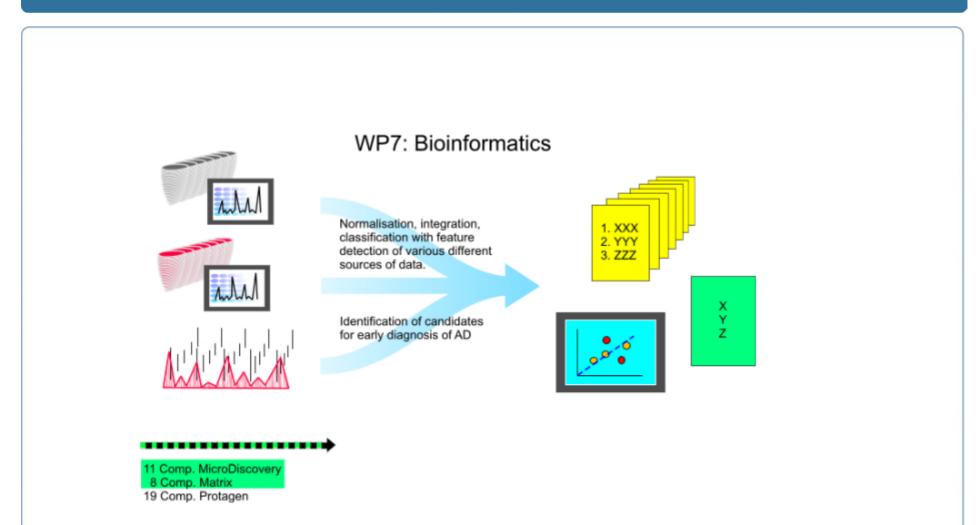
MicroDiscovery

Workflow of sample preparation and analysis





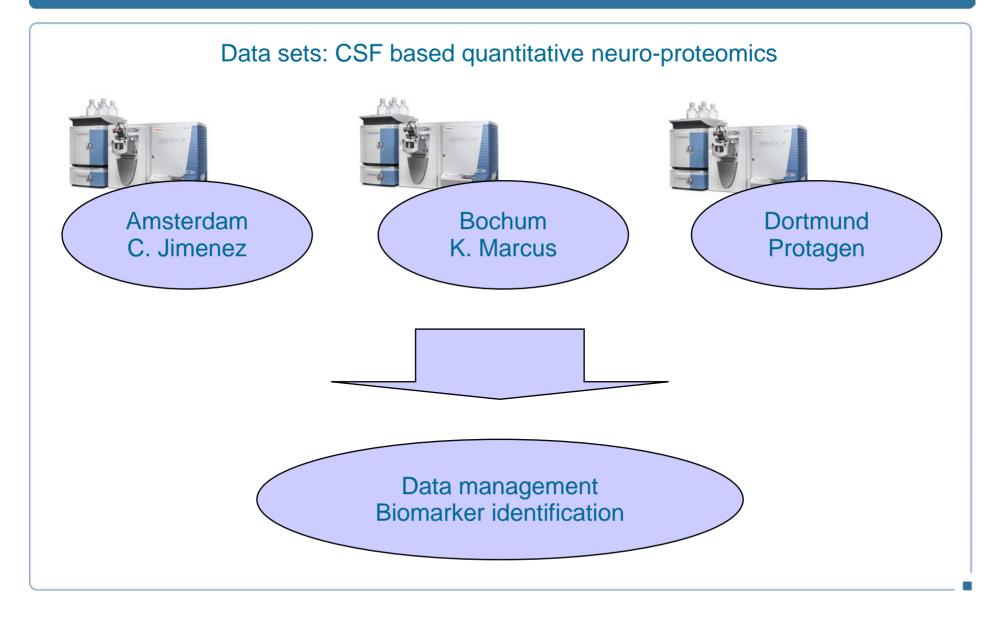
Bioinformatics task: identification of marker candidates



IT meets life science

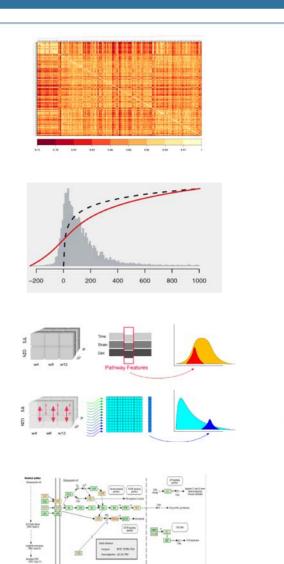
_ MicroDiscovery

Proteomics data is generated in several centers



Workflow for data evaluation

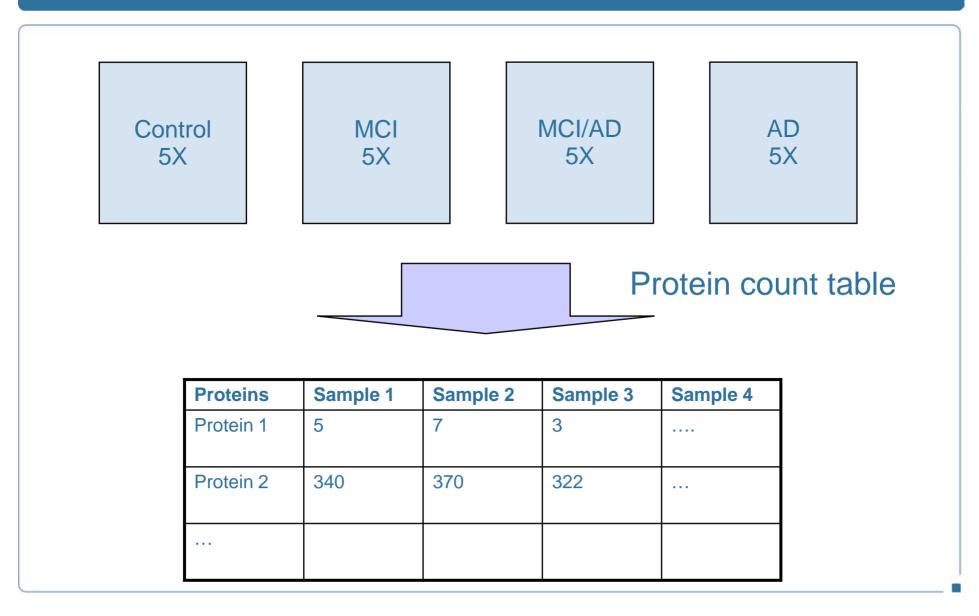
- Sample preparation
- Mass spectrometry
 - Protein identification
 - Generation of protein count lists
- Statistics for hit identification:
 - Data normalization
 - Differential protein expression
 - Regression
 - ANOVA p-values
 - Pathway detection



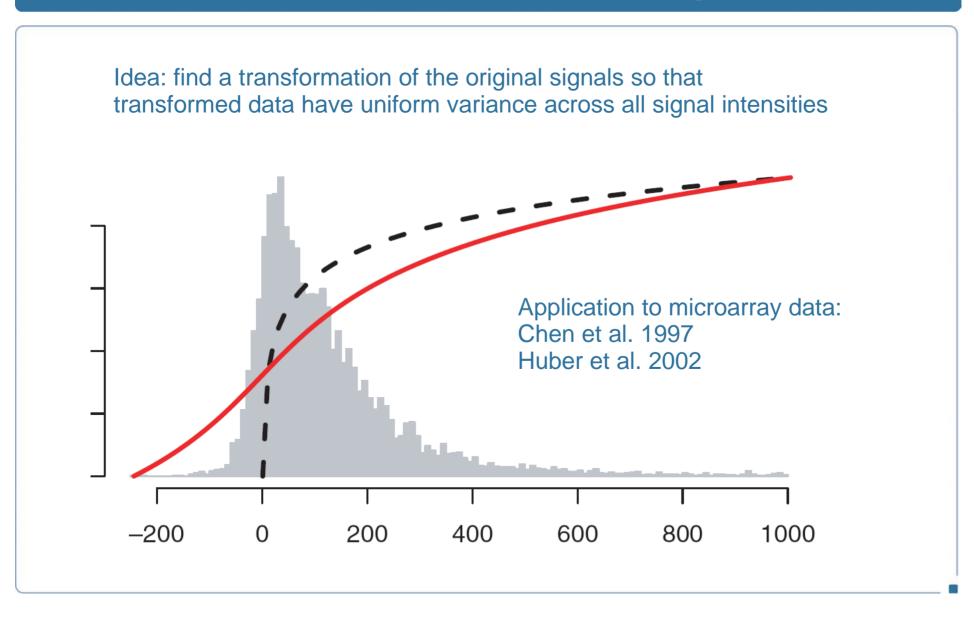
IT meets life science



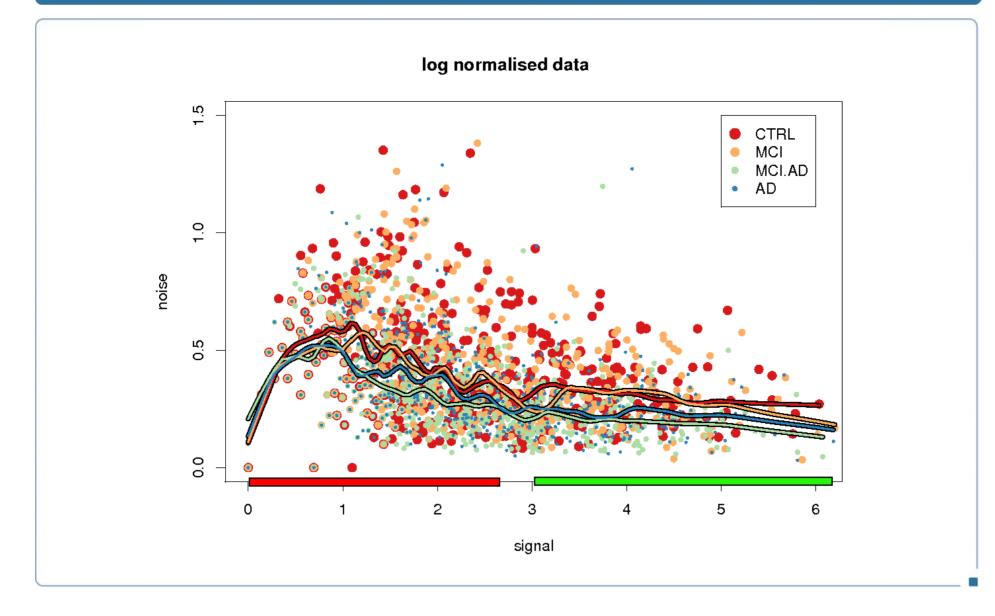
Design of exploratory study: 4 groups 5 patients



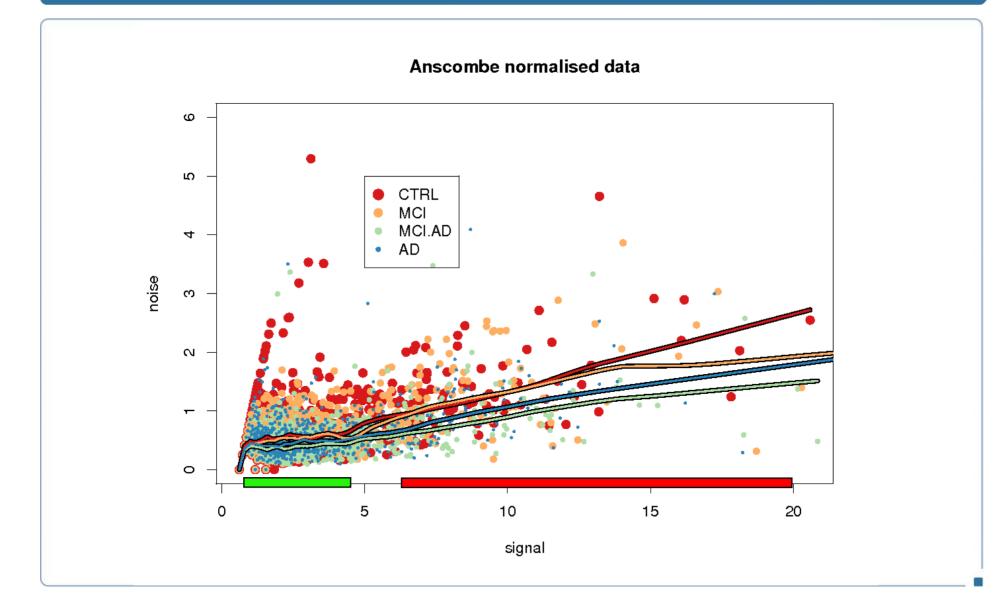
Variance stabilizing transformation



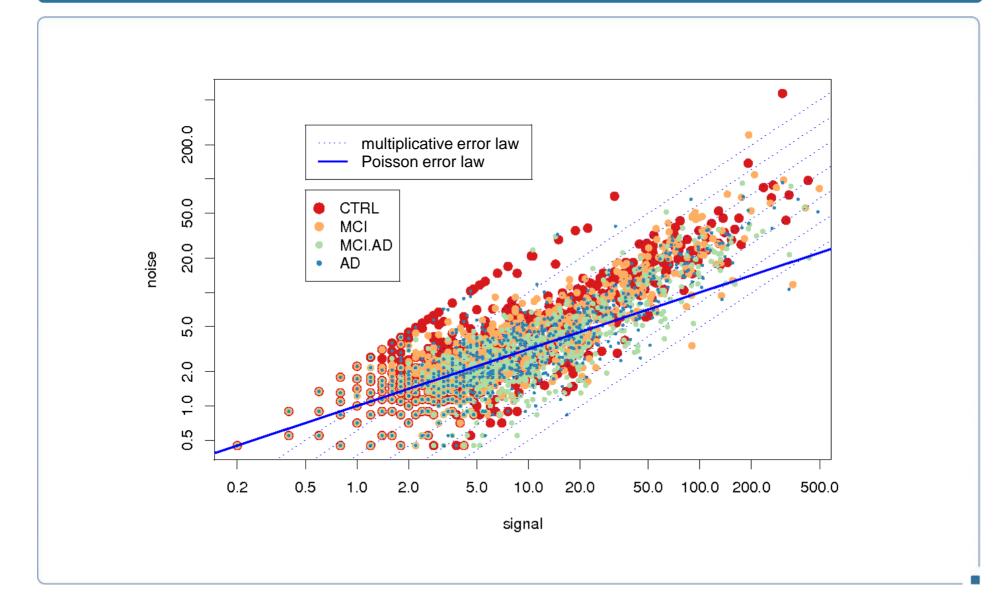
Effect of log transformation on data variance



Poisson law derived transformation



Heterogeneous behavior of variance in original data

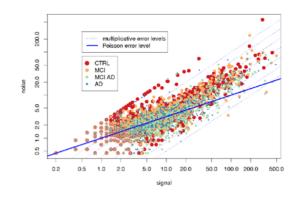


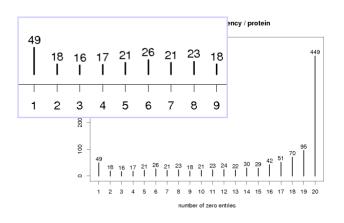
Heterogeneous behavior of variance in original data

Three effects need to be taken into account:

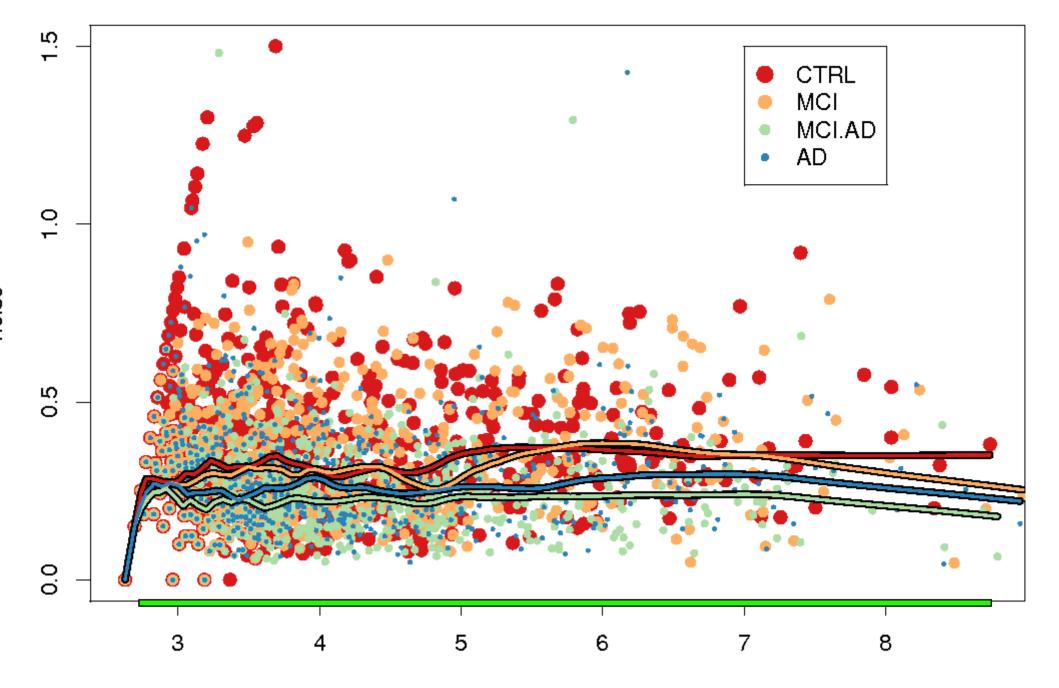
- Poisson fluctuations for weak signals (low counts)
- Biological and technological induced multiplicative noise for stronger signals
- Zero inflation ("false positive identifications")

Solution: modified inverse binomial distribution





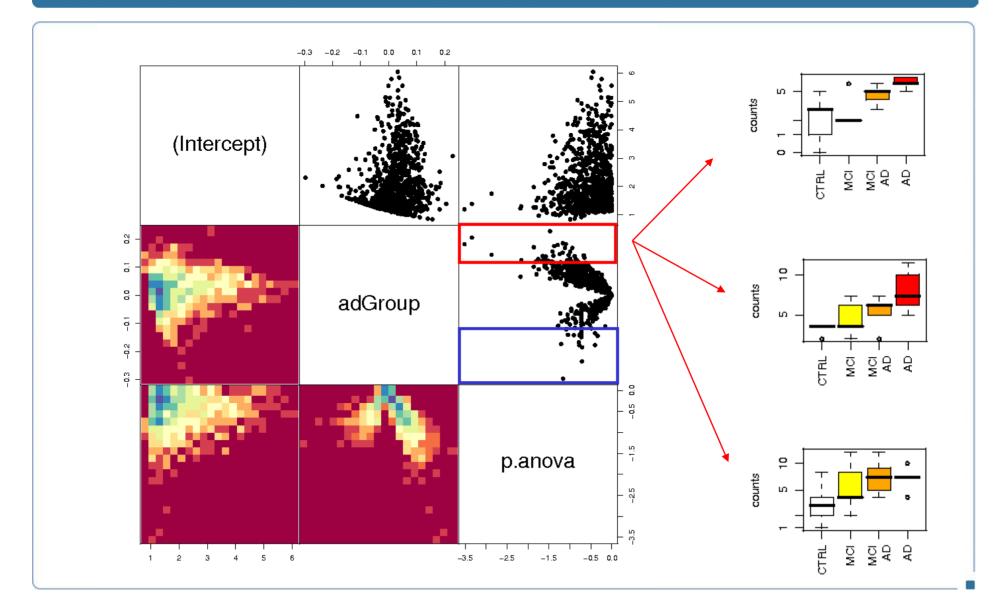
Applying an optimzed normalization strategy (mixture model)



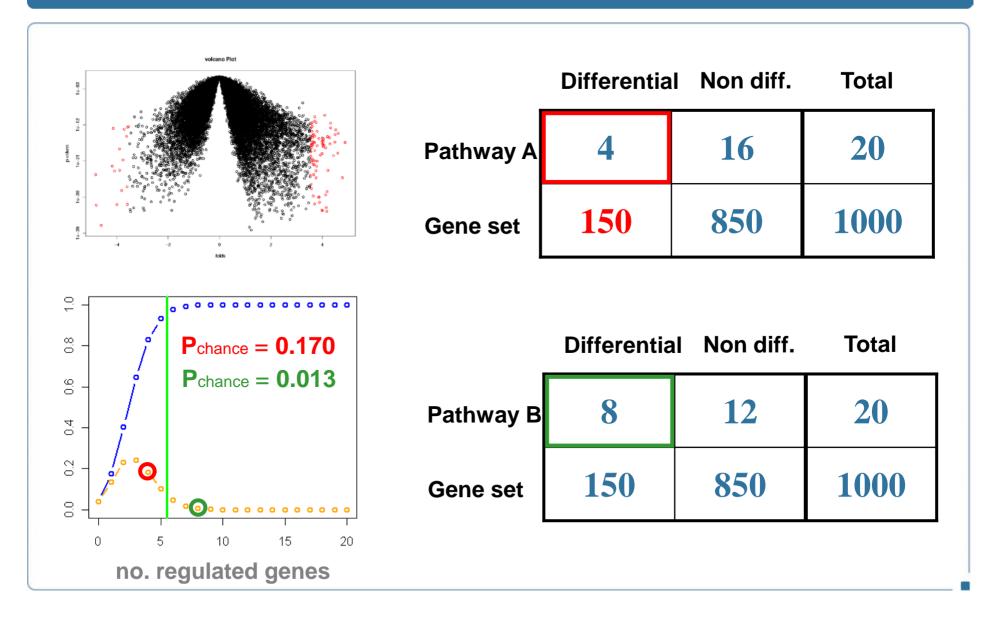
signal

IT meets life science

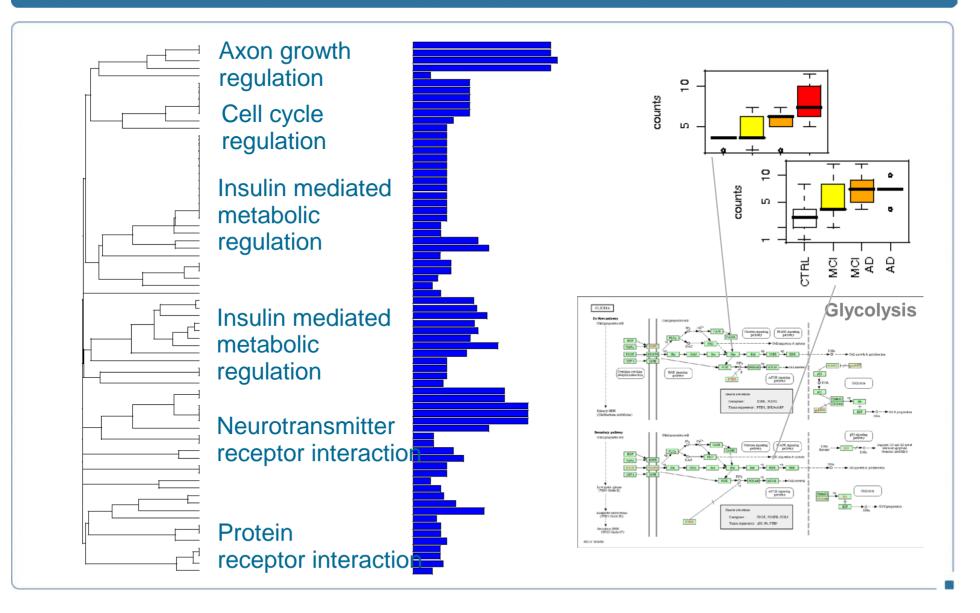
Regression and ANOVA p-values



From protein lists to pathways using Fisher's exact test

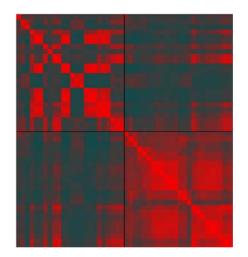


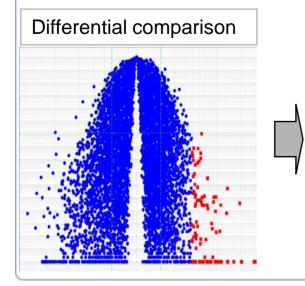
Several pathways are associated with up regulated proteins

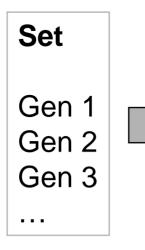


ProfileDB: typical flow of evaluation

- 1. Select study
- 2. Select assay groups to compare
- 3. Search for differential expression
- 4. Follow up
 - 1. Individual genes
 - 2. Pathways/mechanisms







Gene set analysis:

- Pathway (KEGG/Reactome)
- Term System (GeneOntology)
- Publication (Medline abstracts)
- Models (Biomodels Database)

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Conclusions and outlook

